



# Zero Trust: How OpenShift simplifies the journey



## Zero trust: 10 ways Red Hat OpenShift simplifies the journey

**About M-22-09**  
In January 2022, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) issued a Federal strategy to meet the U.S. Government's need for a "zero trust" approach to cybersecurity (M-22-09). Among the objectives, agencies need to ensure a Federal Information Security Modernization Act (FISMA)-compliant application in the internet, while relying on Zero Trust principles for protection. Requirements include implementing minimum-risk:

- Monitoring and detection
- Control of service providers
- Enhanced access control (EMAC)
- Integration with an enterprise identity management system.

**Enforce security policy at all layers in the application stack**  
Kubernetes logs and higher visibility and enforcement come from Red Hat Enterprise Linux Security for Kubernetes.

**1. Use built-in auditing and monitoring**  
Red Hat OpenShift collects telemetry from workloads to make context aware access decisions. You can configure Red Hat OpenShift to fork logging telemetry collection. You can also integrate Red Hat OpenShift with your agency's existing enterprise log and activity monitoring tools, including Splunk.

**2. Control configuration management**  
Red Hat OpenShift wraps each component—for example, application programming interface (API) server and software defined network (SDN)—in a Kubernetes operator used for configuration, monitoring, and management. Administrators are subject to role-based access controls (RBAC) whenever they make a configuration change. You can also configure operators to prohibit configuration drift.

**3. Inherit the security capabilities of Red Hat Enterprise Linux**  
These capabilities include SELinux mandatory access control (MAC), kernel capabilities, seccomp, namespaces, and control groups to prevent processes, malicious or not, from interfering with other processes on the same host. More protection comes from Red Hat Enterprise Linux CoreOS, which includes potential attack vectors by removing anything unnecessary to host, manage, and safeguard Red Hat OpenShift.

**4. Use policy to help ensure that APIs are used and security-focused**  
Keep your APIs compliant by using Red Hat Service API Management, included in OpenShift Platform Plus, to define and enforce policies for traffic management, security, and use. Red Hat Service API Management works with Red Hat OpenShift Service Mesh to protect micro-segmented applications.

**5. Apply micro-segmentation to control which traffic enters or exits the internal services communication network**  
Monitor or restricts control plane from the enterprise network to the platform's internal SDN without going through the ingress operator in OpenShift, which acts as an enforcement point.

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This brief identifies 10 ways Red Hat OpenShift Platform Plus helps to meet zero trust requirements published by the Office of Management and Budget